

# Initial En Route Qualification Training

Instructor
Lesson 20
Aircraft Characteristics

Course 50148001

#### **LESSON PLAN DATA SHEET**

COURSE NAME: INITIAL EN ROUTE QUALIFICATION TRAINING

**COURSE NUMBER:** 50148001

LESSON TITLE: AIRCRAFT CHARACTERISTICS

**DURATION:** 2+30 HOURS

**DATE REVISED:** 2022-02 **VERSION:** V.2022-02

**REFERENCE(S):** FAA ORDER JO 7110.65, AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL; ATG-2, TRI-

OPTION CONTROLLER REFERENCE AIRCRAFT MANUAL

HANDOUT(S): NONE

**EXERCISE(S)**/ AIRCRAFT CHARACTERISTICS ELEARNING

ACTIVITY(S):

**END-OF-LESSON TEST:** NONE

PERFORMANCE TEST: NONE

MATERIALS: NONE

**OTHER PERTINENT** INSTRUCTOR KEY FOR THE ELEARNING(S) IS INCLUDED AS

**INFORMATION:** AN APPENDIX IN THIS DOCUMENT: AN AIRCRAFT

CHARACTERISTICS STUDY CHART IS INCLUDED AS AN

**APPENDIX** 

**NOTE:** As you prepare for this lesson, recall and be prepared to talk about examples and personal experiences that illustrate or explain the teaching points in the lesson.

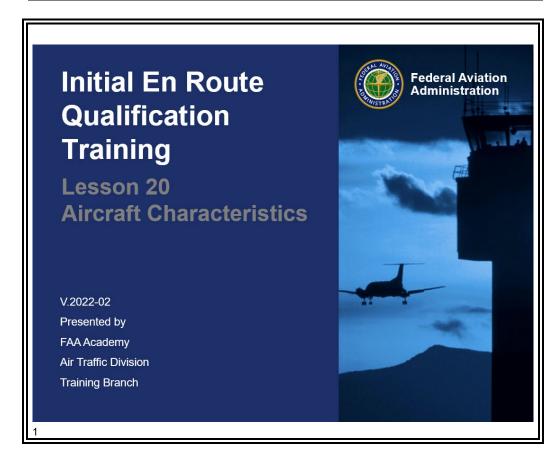
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### INTRODUCTION

Gain Attention



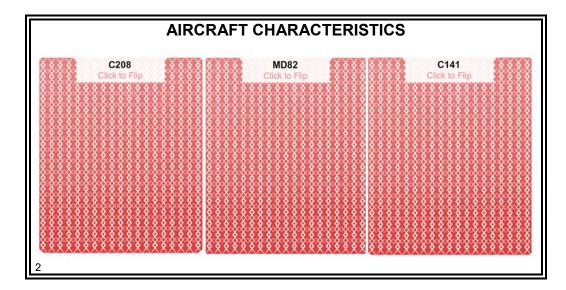


In order for you to properly apply the specific skills taught in the previous lessons, it is critical you understand the key characteristics of the aircraft you will be responsible for as an En Route controller.

### **INTRODUCTION** (Continued)

# Opening Scenario





Critical to your job as an air traffic controller is the capability to recognize key aircraft performance characteristics quickly. Being proficient in identifying aircraft capabilities and limitations enables you to recognize potential problems and make appropriate decisions. By learning this foundational knowledge, you will expand your ability to interpret information presented to you.

#### **Purpose**

The purpose of this lesson is to enhance your ability to differentiate and recognize aircraft characteristics.

### **INTRODUCTION** (Continued)

#### Lesson Objectives



### **LESSON OBJECTIVES**

- At the end of this lesson, you will be:
  - Familiar with the aircraft designators for each aircraft and their key characteristics, including:
    - → Aircraft type
    - → Weight class
    - → Number and type of engine
    - → Climb rate
    - → Cruise speed
  - Able to order selected aircraft by climb rate and cruise speed and categorize aircraft by type engine

J

**SOLUTION** NOTE: Teach from the graphic.

### **ACTIVITY: AIRCRAFT CHARACTERISTICS**

### **Activity**



#### AIRCRAFT CHARACTERISTICS ACTIVITY



**Purpose:** to become familiar with common aircraft and their characteristics

PACE: Have the students access the IET eLearning menu and select the activity for Lesson 20.

#### **Description**

The learning activity begins with an overview of key aircraft characteristics. The second part of the activity is comprised of a variety of interactive modules to help you learn these characteristics.

NOTE: For review purposes a study chart is included as Appendix A. Your ability to recall common characteristics such as designators, weight classes, engine types, climb rates, and cruise rates enhances your ability to keep aircraft moving safely and expediently within your sector.

#### **Directions**

Access the IET eLearning menu. Select Lesson 20 - Aircraft Characteristics and click on each title to launch the activities.

#### Time Allotted

2+30 Hours

**NOTE:** Refer to Appendix B for the Instructor Key for this eLearning activity.

### IN CONCLUSION

#### Lesson **Review**



### **LESSON REVIEW**

This lesson covered common aircraft and their characteristics including:

- Aircraft type
- Weight class
- Number and type of engine
- Climb rate
- Cruise speed





**NOTE:** Teach from graphic. Review and elaborate briefly on the topics covered in this lesson.

### **APPENDIX A: AIRCRAFT CHARACTERISTICS STUDY CHART**

| A          | ircraft          |                 |                          |                     | Image                  |  |  |
|------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Designator | Aircraft Model   | Weight<br>Class | Number & Type of Engines | Climb Rate<br>(FPM) | Cruise Speed<br>(KTAS) | Comment  |  |
| BE36       | Beech Bonanza    | S               | 1/Prop                   | 1000-1200           | 160-190                | B36T = Turboprop   | VITE OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE |
| C172       | Cessna Skyhawk   | S               | 1/Prop                   | 600-800             | 120-150                |  |  |
| C182       | Cessna Skylane   | S               | 1/Prop                   | 800-1000            | 120-150                |  | THE STATE OF THE S |
| C210       | Cessna Centurion | S               | 1/Prop                   | 800-1000            | 160-190                | P210 = Pressurized;<br>C10T = Pressurized and<br>Turboprop | AR W SD  |

| A          | ircraft        |                 |                          |                     | Data                   |                  | Image  |
|------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|--------|
| Designator | Aircraft Model | Weight<br>Class | Number & Type of Engines | Climb Rate<br>(FPM) | Cruise Speed<br>(KTAS) | Comment          |        |
| PA24       | Piper Comanche | S               | 1/Prop                   | 1000-1200           | 120-150                |                  | N8469P |
| PA32       | Piper Cherokee | S               | 1/Prop                   | 800-1000            | 160-190                |                  | Near   |
| PA46       | Piper Malibu   | S               | 1/Prop                   | 1100-1400           | 160-200                | P46T = Turboprop |        |
| SR22       | Cirrus SR-22   | S               | 1/Prop                   | 1000-1200           | 160-190                |                  | N6005C |

| Ai         | ircraft                |                 |                          | Image               |                        |                  |  |
|------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------------------|--|
| Designator | Aircraft Model         | Weight<br>Class | Number & Type of Engines | Climb Rate<br>(FPM) | Cruise Speed<br>(KTAS) | Comment          |  |
| BE58       | Beech Baron            | S               | 2/Prop                   | 1400-1700           | 160-200                |                  | Naziah                                   |
| C421       | Cessna Golden<br>Eagle | S               | 2/Prop                   | 1400-1700           | 200-240                | C21T = Turboprop | J. J |
| PA31       | Piper Navajo           | S               | 2/Prop                   | 1400-1700           | 160-200                |                  | 7,33547                                  |
| PA34       | Piper Seneca           | S               | 2/Prop                   | 1100-1400           | 160-200                |                  | N655AG                                   |

| Ai         | ircraft        |                 |                          | Image               |                        |  |  |
|------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Designator | Aircraft Model | Weight<br>Class | Number & Type of Engines | Climb Rate<br>(FPM) | Cruise Speed<br>(KTAS) | Comment  |  |
| C208       | Cessna Caravan | S               | 1/Turboprop              | 1100-1400           | 160-200                | Commonly used in skydiving operations  |  |
| PC12       | Pilatus Eagle  | S               | 1/Turboprop              | 1500-2000           | 200-240                | Generally<br>outperforms other<br>single engine<br>turboprops  |  |
| BE9T       | Beech King Air | S               | 2/Turboprop              | 1800-2400           | 200-240                | The BE10 and BE20 are also King Airs that perform from 20-30% better in climb rate and cruise speed. | DH3 . C CCC .  |
| B190       | Beech 1900     | S               | 2/Turboprop              | 1800-2400           | 240-270                |  | UISSY PARTY OF THE |

| A                    | Aircraft                |                 |                             | Image               |                        |  |           |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|-----------|
| Designator           | Aircraft Model          | Weight<br>Class | Number & Type<br>of Engines | Climb Rate<br>(FPM) | Cruise Speed<br>(KTAS) | Comment  |           |
| B350                 | Beech Super<br>King Air | S               | 2/Turboprop                 | 2700-3000           | 270-300                |  | MAGEL     |
| C441                 | Cessna<br>Conquest      | S               | 2/Turboprop                 | 2700-4200           | 240-270                | Cessna 400 series aircraft consist of both twin props and turboprops.  |           |
| DH8A<br>DH8B<br>DH8C | Dehavilland-8           | L               | 2/Turboprop                 | 1400-1700           | 240-270                | DH8s normally climb or descend at lower rates than most other twin turboprops; however, the DH8D performs much better than the other DH8s and climbs at almost twice the rate. | airOmario |

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| Ai         | rcraft                     |                 |                          |                     | Data                   |   | Image   |
|------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---|---|
| Designator | Aircraft Model             | Weight<br>Class | Number & Type of Engines | Climb Rate<br>(FPM) | Cruise Speed<br>(KTAS) | Comment   |   |
| DH8D       | Dehavilland<br>Dash 8      | L               | 2/Turboprop              | 2400-2600           | 270-300                | DH8s normally climb or descend<br>at lower rates than most other<br>twin turboprops; however, the<br>DH8D performs much better than<br>the other DH8s and climbs at<br>almost twice the rate. | De la companya de la |
| SF34       | Saab 340                   | L               | 2/Turboprop              | 1800-2400           | 240-270                |   |   |
| SW4        | Fairchild Metro            | S               | 2/Turboprop              | 1800-2400           | 240-270                |   | WINRYE AVIA   |
| C130       | Lockheed<br>Hercules C-130 | L               | 4/Turboprop              | 1400-1700           | 300-340                | Military Cargo; "C" stands for cargo; IT IS NOT A CESSNA  |   |

| A          | ircraft                                |                 |                          |                     | Data                   |   | Image  |
|------------|--|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---|--|
| Designator | Aircraft Model                         | Weight<br>Class | Number & Type of Engines | Climb Rate<br>(FPM) | Cruise Speed<br>(KTAS) | Comment   |  |
| F16        | General<br>Dynamics<br>Fighting Falcon | L               | 1/Jet                    | 8000-10000          | 460+                   | Similar aircraft: F15, F18, and F117; Military Fighter; capable of high rates of climb/descent; notice that an F16 has one engine |  |
| A320       | Airbus 320                             | L               | 2/Jets                   | 3000-3500           | 430-450                | Similar aircraft: A319, and A321  |  |
| BE40       | Beech Beechjet                         | S               | 2/Jets                   | 3000-3500           | 430-450                |   | nines  |
| B712       | Boeing 717<br>200 Series               | L               | 2/Jets                   | 2000-3000           | 430-450                |   | and the second s |

| A          | ircraft        |                 |                             | Image               |                        |   |            |
|------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---|------------|
| Designator | Aircraft Model | Weight<br>Class | Number & Type<br>of Engines | Climb Rate<br>(FPM) | Cruise Speed<br>(KTAS) | Comment   |            |
| B738       | Boeing 737-800 | L               | 2/Jets                      | 3000-3500           | 430-450                | Similar aircraft: B731 through<br>B739; the most common are<br>B737 and B738; B731 and B732<br>perform significantly worse than<br>the others |            |
| B753       | Boeing 757-300 | L               | 2/Jets                      | 2000-3000           | 460+                   | Special wake turbulence procedures apply.   |            |
| B772       | Boeing 777     | Н               | 2/Jets                      | 2000-3000           | 460+                   | Similar aircraft: B773  | BOODAN AIR |
| B763       | Boeing 767-300 | Н               | 2/Jets                      | 3000-3500           | 460+                   | Similar aircraft: B762, and B764  |            |

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| Ai         | ircraft                    |                 |                          | Image               |                        |   |  |
|------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---|--|
| Designator | Aircraft Model             | Weight<br>Class | Number & Type of Engines | Climb Rate<br>(FPM) | Cruise Speed<br>(KTAS) | Comment   |  |
| CRJ2       | Canadair Jet -<br>CRJ200   | ٦               | 2/Jets                   | 2000-2500           | 400-420                | Similar aircraft: CRJ1  | AND THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY  |
| CRJ9       | Canadair Jet –<br>CRJ-900  | L               | 2/Jets                   | 2000-3000           | 430-450                | Similar aircraft: CRJ7; the CRJ7 and CRJ9 cruise about 20 knots faster than the CRJ1 and CRJ2   |  |
| C510       | Cessna Citation<br>Mustang | S               | 2/Jets                   | 2000-3000           | 320-360                | One of several aircraft termed "Very Light Jets"(VLJ); although these are jets, they significantly underperform airliners and most corporate jets | NATION AND ARRANGE BUT ARRANGE |

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| Ai         | Aircraft                  |                 |                          |                     | Data                   |  | Image         |
|------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|---------------|
| Designator | Aircraft Model            | Weight<br>Class | Number & Type of Engines | Climb Rate<br>(FPM) | Cruise Speed<br>(KTAS) | Comment  |               |
| C750       | Cessna 750<br>Citation 10 | S               | 2/Jets                   | 3500-4000           | 460+                   | There are many models of Citation jets starting with the 500 series up to the 750; the C500 is a low performing jet that may perform similar to a twin turboprop; the C560, 600 series, and the C750 are high performance corporate jets | 0.00000       |
| EA50       | Eclipse 500               | S               | 2/Jets                   | 2000-3000           | 320-390                | One of several aircraft termed "Very Light Jets"(VLJ); although these are jets, they significantly underperform airliners and most corporate jets  | DINNEA CO O O |
| E145       | Embraer EMB-<br>145       | L               | 2/Jets                   | 2000-3000           | 430-450                | Similar aircraft: E135 and E140  |               |
| E190       | Embraer EMB-<br>190       | L               | 2/Jets                   | 2000-2500           | 430-450                | Similar aircraft: E170   |               |

| A          | ircraft                     |                 |                             | Image               |                        |   |            |
|------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---|------------|
| Designator | Aircraft Model              | Weight<br>Class | Number & Type<br>of Engines | Climb Rate<br>(FPM) | Cruise Speed<br>(KTAS) | Comment   |            |
| E3TF       | Boeing E-3A<br>Sentry       | н               | 4/Jets                      | 3000-3500           | 430-450                | Military airborne<br>reconnaissance aircraft<br>based on a Boeing 707<br>platform                       | LUIS - DIA |
| GLF4       | Gulfstream                  | L               | 2/Jets                      | 4000-5000           | 460+                   | Similar aircraft: GLF5; they are high performance corporate jets  |            |
| LJ55       | Gates Lear Jet 55           | S               | 2/Jets                      | 4000-5000           | 430-450                | Similar aircraft: LJ23, LJ24,<br>LJ35, LJ60, and others; they<br>are high performance<br>corporate jets | 0 60 M2    |
| MD82       | McDonnell-<br>Douglas MD-82 | L               | 2/Jets                      | 3000-3500           | 430-450                | Similar aircraft: MD83, and MD88  |            |

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| A          | ircraft                 |                 |                             | Dat                 | a                      |  | Image  |
|------------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Designator | Aircraft Model          | Weight<br>Class | Number & Type<br>of Engines | Climb Rate<br>(FPM) | Cruise Speed<br>(KTAS) | Comment  |  |
| Т37        | Cessna T-37             | S               | 2/Jets                      | 3000-3500           | 320-390                | Military Trainer;<br>performs similar to a<br>Citation C500  | MARI POR PORT OF THE PORT OF T |
| Т38        | Northrop Talon<br>AT-38 | S               | 2/Jets                      | 8000-10000          | 460+                   | Military Trainer   |  |
| A343       | Airbus 340              | Н               | 4/Jets                      | 3000-3500           | 460+                   | Similar aircraft: A342,<br>A345, and A346  | The state of the s |
| A388       | Airbus 380              | Н               | 4/Jets                      | 3000-3500           | 460+                   | Use the term "SUPER" when coordinating with a terminal facility, and when issuing traffic advisories. Note: ICAO does not have a super weight class. | OSATIS.  |

| Aircraft   |                                   |                 |                          | Image               |                        |  |   |
|------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|---|
| Designator | Aircraft Model                    | Weight<br>Class | Number & Type of Engines | Climb Rate<br>(FPM) | Cruise Speed<br>(KTAS) | Comment  |   |
| B1         | Rockwell INTL<br>B1- Lancer       | п               | 4/Jets                   | 3000-3500           | 460+                   | Military Bomber  | San |
| B2         | Northrop<br>Grumman B2-<br>Spirit | Н               | 4/Jets                   | 3000-3500           | 460+                   | Military Bomber  |   |
| B742       | Boeing 747                        | Н               | 4/Jets                   | 3000-3500           | 460+                   | Similar aircraft: B741, B743,<br>B74D, B744, B74R, B74S,<br>and B748 |   |
| C5         | Lockheed C-5<br>Galaxy            | Н               | 4/Jets                   | 2000-3000           | 460+                   | Military Cargo   |   |

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| Aircraft   |                               |                 |                          | Image               |                        |  |  |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Designator | Aircraft Model                | Weight<br>Class | Number & Type of Engines | Climb Rate<br>(FPM) | Cruise Speed<br>(KTAS) | Comment  |  |
| C17        | Boeing C-17<br>Globemaster    | Т               | 4/Jets                   | 2000-3000           | 430-450                | Military Cargo   |  |
| K35R       | Boeing KC-135<br>Stratotanker | Н               | 4/Jets                   | 4000-5000           | 430-450                | Similar aircraft: K35E, Military<br>Refueling Aircraft |  |
| B52        | Boeing B-52<br>Stratofortress | Н               | 8/Jets                   | 3000-3500           | 460+                   | Military Bomber  |  |

### APPENDIX B: INSTRUCTOR KEY FOR ELEARNING INTRODUCTION AND ACTIVITY

#### **Purpose**

This document serves as a guide for facilitating the eLearning introduction and activities of the Aircraft Characteristics lesson and provides navigation support as well as an overview of the objectives and content of the eLearning.

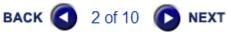
#### **Navigation**

#### MAIN MENU | RESOURCES | EXIT

- To navigate within the eLearning activities, a Navigation Bar is positioned at the top right of the page and contains the following options:
  - MAIN MENU: Allows students to access a main menu listing all of the eLearning activities
  - RESOURCES: Allows students to access additional resources, including:
    - A Glossary link
    - A References link
    - A Help link
  - EXIT: Allows students to exit from the eLearning activity at any time







- To navigate within an activity, a navigation tab is also positioned near the top right of the screen, just below the navigation bar.
- The navigation tab contains the following buttons:
  - BACK: When active, returns students to the previous page
  - NEXT: When active, allows students to advance to the next page

**NOTE:** Inactive **BACK** and **NEXT** buttons indicate students are at the beginning or at the end of a lesson.

#### **Navigation** Tips

- To refresh a page or reset an activity, press **F5**.
- You can advance to a specific page in the activity without completing the activity. Click the **NEXT** or **BACK** buttons until the page is displayed.

# APPENDIX B: INSTRUCTOR KEY FOR ELEARNING INTRODUCTION AND ACTIVITY (Continued)

#### **Lesson Title**

Lesson 20, Aircraft Characteristics

#### eLearning Objective

The objective of this eLearning module is for students to learn the aircraft designators key characteristics of the common aircraft presented.

#### eLearning Activity

- Lesson 20 contains the following eLearning activities:
  - Aircraft Characteristics Lesson Introduction
  - Aircraft Characteristics Activity

#### **Lesson Introduction: Aircraft Characteristics**

#### Lesson Introduction Description

In this eLearning, students are introduced to key characteristics of aircraft. Students click through seven pages that discuss each characteristic.

#### Lesson Introduction Content

- Page 1 contains the lesson introduction.
- Page 2 introduces aircraft designators.
- Page 3 introduces climb rates and cruise speeds.
- Page 4 introduces three weight classes of aircraft.
- Page 5 introduces four engine group categories.
- Page 6 introduces factors that affect an aircraft's performance.
- Page 7 introduces ICAO approved aircraft type information.

# APPENDIX B: INSTRUCTOR KEY FOR ELEARNING INTRODUCTION AND ACTIVITY (Continued)

### **Aircraft Characteristics Activity**

# Activity Description

In this eLearning activity, students check their immediate recall of aircraft characteristics.

# **Activity Content**

- The activity contains the following areas.
  - Review flash cards
  - Recall flash cards
  - Match the aircraft designator to the correct engine group
  - Compare the cruise rates (KTAS) of different aircraft groups
  - Compare the climb rates (FPM) of different aircraft groups
  - Aircraft characteristics practice

#### Activity Specifics

#### Flash Cards

- On pages 2-9, students review the flash cards grouped by engine type until they have memorized the content. Then they recall the information related to the aircraft designator before clicking each card to verify
- On page 10, students recall all the flash cards for all engine types.
- Matching Activity
  - On page 11, students have two attempts to drag the appropriate aircraft designator to the correct engine group
- Cruise and Climb Rate Comparisons
  - On pages 12-13, students click **Animate** to compare different groups of aircraft
- Aircraft Characteristics Practice
  - On page 14, students have one attempt to answer a series of multiple choice, true and false, and fill-in-the-blank questions before receiving feedback.